

LITTLE JIM PARK

How the Workers of Pittsburg's Painter's Row Made a Park of Their Own in the Shadow of Tenements and Steel Mills.

LEROY SCOTT.
(Author of "To Him That Hath," etc.)
Exclusive Service Churches and The Commons Press Bureau.)

I had taken a car over to Painter's Mill and Painter's Row and got off at the further end of a dingy, smoke-hung settlement. I went through and about the houses which the great Carnegie Company leases for its workers (with no trouble about collecting the rent, for that is taken from their wages)—houses so close to the mill; some even wall to wall with it, that they share almost equally with the mill its smoke and grime and clangor,—houses which had been as unsanitary and disease-breeding as any I saw of the poor even by hardened slum landlords. And then, after I had gone through the rows of houses, at the end of the settlement nearest Pittsburg, I came upon a sudden contrast. It was an open space, with a portion of it occupied, and over the canopy this black-lettered sign:

LITTLE JIM PARK.
It wasn't much of a park—just a little bit of ground, in area hardly more than an average city lot, with a second-hand iron fence around it, with rough benches, a pavement of tan-brown and a few flower beds bordered with whitewashed bricks. A poor, pitifully insignificant little place, yet startlingly pleasant when compared with its surroundings. On the one side, with a row of dreary houses between, rumpled and belched the mill; at its back was a "rotted waste"; at its front, across the street, was a steep hill topped by the ramshackle houses of Stewart's Row, and this hill was muddy, stubbled over with bank dead weeds, gulled with coal-looking, foul-smelling streams of waste water and garbage.

I entered the park, sat down beneath the canopy, and my imagination succeeded to explain how the park had been established. Its name was a certain clue. "Little Jim Park," that faintly recalled with significance. Some rich, happy, contented child, starved by the stories of the cheerless life of tenement children, the Little Jim and the Little Mary; she had dreamed to see how especially cheerless is the life of the children of Painter's Row; she had established the park, and given it the name of her own child, and the name of the child of the painter's row.

I had just credited the park to my beautiful, had just finished with romance, when suddenly sauntered into the park and took the other end of my bench. He was a working man, whose decent clothes and white shirt told me this was his day off. His coat collar was turned up, his shirt but pulled down. One jaw stood out with a quid of tobacco, and the other was deeply wrinkled. He was a man of twenty-one.

"What's your name?" I asked, "who gave this park to Painter's row?"
He smiled good-naturedly at me.
"The give it? Nobody give it."
"Then how did you get it?"
"We took it," he said.
"Took it?" But the name, "?"
"Oh, we just took that, too."

There was something new in the park-building line, I drew near. "I wish you'd tell me about it," I asked.
"Here, I'll tell," said he, and I could detect pride in the park in both the younger man's tone and manner. He said, "I took it down upon the hill back. 'Used to be a little old church standing here. Little Jim church they called it. I guess it was a church, wasn't it? Damned if I know why they named it that. For the last five or six years it wasn't used at all, and it was a pretty good one. The church came crumbling over it and carried away all the wood to burn, and what was left was certainly a mess. 'Well, I don't know just who started the idea. I guess it was John Donahue and Jim Leary they work around the rolls in the mill, but pretty soon

a lot of us guys had decided it would be great if we could clear up the place and make a park. So we started the job, and when any of us was laid off over at the mill we was workin' here. The iron fence we got when they tore down part of Painter's Row—it was just old junk you know; the bricks 'round the flower beds were some left over from building a brewery down the street, we just helped ourselves to them. The arch over the gate we made out of an old pipe; the flag-pole there used to be a pump handle of a pump down on the river—we swiped that from a carpenter give us. We chipped in and bought this tent, and we chipped in and bought a flag. The first one was whipped to pieces by the wind and we had to chip in and buy another before the summer was over. Then we set out some flowers, splash-around with some paint and white-wash, and the park was done. The name of the church seemed sort of to belong to the place, so we called it 'Little Jim Park.'"

"The park was what you might say opened on Decoration Day when the kids come in and sang and performed. It was great place for the kids to play all summer, and a fine place for us to sit around of evenings and chin and sing. Never had nothing of the sort here before you know. But the big show here at Little Jim Park was Old Home Week, when we had it all fixed up with bunting and had it lit up at night. I guess the park ain't much to look at just now, for the geonians have all been took up, and the fellows are takin' care of 'em in their houses through the winter. But in summer, when the flowers are out, and things are fixed up, I tell you what Little Jim Park looks mighty good to Painter's Row!"

Somewhat, when he had finished, this little park, a park by the people, seemed to be a thousand-fold more beautiful, a thousand-fold more significant. It and the great mill stood there in striking contrast; the mill and the houses expressing the indifference of the company to its human machines, the park the spontaneous expression of a great native desire, though choked down by long hours and the general oppressive dinginess, the upbreathing, outbreathing desire of the people for light, for air, for natural happiness, for development.



The Argument

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(Continued.)

He advanced into the shadow of the tree, took off his hat with a flourish and bowed. Then as she made no answer to these salutations, but only stared at him with her gray eyes, he began to speak in jerky sentences:

"I hope you have slept well, Rachel. I am glad to see you looking so fresh. I was afraid that you would be over-tired after your long day. You see, many miles. Of course what you found at Ramah must have been a great shock to you. I want to explain to you quietly that I am not in the least to blame about that terrible business. It was those accursed Zulus who exceeded their orders."

So he went on, pausing between each remark for an answer, but no answer came. At length he stopped, confused, and Rachel, lifting the assegai, examined his blade, and asked him suddenly:

"Whose blood is on this spear?"

"Yours," he said, "it is, perhaps," he answered. "That fool of a Kaffir flourished it about after your father shot him and cut me with it accidentally," and he turned to the woman to whom he was speaking. Rachel bent down and began to rub the blade against the foot of the bench as though to clean it. He did not know what she meant by this act, yet it frightened him.

"What are you doing?" he asked. She paused in her task and said, looking up at him:

"I do not wish that your blood should defile mine even in death," and went on with her cleansing of the spear.

"I do not wish that your blood should defile mine even in death," and went on with her cleansing of the spear.

"Curse it all! I don't understand you. What do you mean?"

"I understand me," he answered. "They understand me, and they will tell you. Or if there is no time, ask my father and mother—afterwards."

Ishmael paused visibly, then recovered himself with an effort and said:

"Let us finish with all this witch-doctor nonsense, and come to business. I have nothing to do with the death of your parents. Indeed I was wounded in trying to protect them."

"Then why do I see both of them behind you with such accusing eyes?" she asked quietly.

He started, turned his head and stared about him.

"You won't frighten me like that," he went on. "I am not a silly Kaffir, so give it up. Look here, Rachel, you know I have loved you for a long while, and though you treat me badly I love you more than ever now. Will you marry me?"

"I told you last night that you would be dead in a few days. Do not waste your time in talking to me. Sit in the dust and repent your sins before you go down into the dust."

"All right, Rachel. I know you are a good prophet."

"No, too, is a good prophet," she broke in reflectively. "You used the Zulus to kill her father and mother, also, did you not? Do you remember a message that she gave you from Seygal one evening down by the sea, before you kidnapped me to be a bait to trap me in Zululand?"

"Remember," he answered, scowling. "Am I likely to forget her devilries? If you are the witch she is the familiar, the black shadow (esprit) who whispers in your ears. Had she not gone I should never have caught you."

"But she will come back—although I feel not in time to bid you farewell."

"You tell me that I shall soon be dead," he exclaimed, ignoring this talk of Nole.

"Well, I am not frightened. I believe you know everything about it, but if you are right the more reason I should live while I can. According to you, Rachel, we have no time to waste in a long engagement. When is it to be?"

"Never!" she answered, contemptuously. "In this or any other world. Never! Why you are here, and I am when I see you. I shiver as though a snake crawled across my foot, and when I look at your hands they are covered with blood, and the eyes of Nole's parents, and of many others. I will not be touched by a hand that is red with blood. That is my answer."

He looked at her a while, then said: "You seem to forget that I am only asking for what I can take. No one can see you or hear you except my women. You are in my power at last, Rachel Dove."

"Look," she said, pointing to an eagle that circled so high in the blue heavens above them that it seemed no larger than a hawk, "that bird is more in your power and nearer to you than I am. Before you laid your finger on me I would find a dozen means of death, but that I tell you again you will never live to do."

For a while Ishmael was silent, weighing her words in his mind. Apparently he could find no answer to her, for when spoke again it was of another matter.

"You say that you hate me, Rachel. If so, it is because of that accursed fellow, Darrin—whom you don't hate. Well, he, at any rate, is in my power. Now look here. You've got to make your choice. Either you stop all this nonsense and become my wife, or your friend Darrin dies. Do you hear me?"

Rachel made no answer. Now for the first time she was really frightened, and feared lest her speech should show it.

"You have been through a lot," he went on, slowly; "you are tired out, and don't know what you say, and I believe that I killed the old people, which I didn't, and of course, that has set you against me. Now, I don't want to do you any harm, or to hurt you, as I have plenty of things to see about before we are married. So I give you three days. If you don't change your mind at the end of those three days, the young man dies, that's all, and afterwards we will see whether or no you are in my power. Oh! you needn't be afraid. I won't hurt you. I don't mind a few extra risks. Meanwhile make yourself easy, dear Rachel. She had a well looked after, and I won't bother you with any more love-making. That can wait."

Rachel rose from her seat and pointed with the spear to the door in the wall.

"Go!" she said.

"All right, I am going, Rachel. Good-bye till this time three days. I hope you will make your choice as comfortable as possible in this rough place. Ask them for anything you want. Good-bye, Rachel," and he went, bolting the wall door behind him.

CHAPTER XVI.

The Three Days.

He was gone, his presence had ceased to poison the air, and the long strain over, Rachel gave a gasp of relief. Then she sat down upon the bench and began to think. Her position and that of Richard, was desperate; it seemed scarcely possible that they could escape with their lives, for if he died, she would die also—as to that she was quite determined. But at least they had three days, and they could say what would happen in three days? For instance, they might escape somehow, the Providence in which she believed might intervene, or the Zulus might come to seek her, if they only knew where she was gone. Oh! why had she not brought a guard of them with her to Ramah? At least they would never have been insulted, and Ishmael's shirt would have been short.

She wondered why he had given her

three days. A reason suggested itself to her mind. Perhaps he believed what she had told him—that she was as safe from him as the eagle in the air—and was sure that it was easy to snare her was by using Richard as a lure, in other words, by threatening to murder him. It is true that he could have brought the matter to a head at once, but then, if she remained obstinate, he must carry out his threat, and this she believed, he was afraid to do unless it was absolutely necessary upon him. Doubtless he had reflected that in three days she might weaken and give way.

Whilst Rachel brooded thus the door in the wall opened, and through it came three women, who saluted her respectfully, and announced that they were sent to fetch her. She took stock of them carefully. Two of them were young, ordinary, good-looking Kaffirs, but the third was between thirty and forty, and no longer attractive, having become old early, as natives do. Moreover, her face was sad and sympathetic. Rachel asked her her name. She answered that it was Mami, and that they were all the wives of Ishmael.

The women went about their duties in the hut in silence, and a while afterwards announced that all was made clean, and that they would return presently with food. Rachel answered that it was not necessary that three of them should be put to so much trouble. It would be enough if Mami came. She desired to be waited on by Mami alone, and the other two need not come.

They all three saluted again, and said that she should be obeyed; the younger ones with alacrity. To Rachel it was evident that these women were much afraid of her. Her reputation had reached them, and they shrank from this task of attending on the mighty Inkosazana, the wife of the ruler in her cage, not knowing what evil it might bring upon them.

An hour later the door was unbolting, and Mami came, bearing the food that had been very carefully cooked. Rachel ate of it, for she was determined to grow strong again, she who had been so weak and ill when she ate talked to Mami, who was seated on the ground before her. Soon she drew her story from her. The woman said that she was a Kaffir, wife, but he had never cared for her, and against all law and custom she was discarded and made a slave. Even some of her children had been taken from her and given to other wives. She was bitter against Ishmael, and she said that although once she was proud to be the wife of a white man, now she wished that she had never seen his face.

Here, then, was material ready to Rachel's hand, but she did not press the matter too far at this time. Only she said that she wished Mami to stay with her after the evening meal, and to sleep in her hut, as she was not accustomed to be alone. Mami had replied that she would do so gladly, if Ishmael allowed it, although she was not worthy of such honor.

As it happened, however, did allow it, for he thought that he could trust this old drudge, and told her to act as a spy upon Rachel, and report to him what she heard. Rachel found this out and warned her against obeying him, since if she did so it would come to her knowledge, and she would be a traitor to the Zulus. She said that although once she was proud to be the wife of a white man, now she wished that she had never seen his face.

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Mami answered that she knew it, and she would not be afraid of Ishmael's tale would do for Ishmael, whom she hated. The next day, Rachel herself, Rachel encouraged her to talk, which Mami did freely. So she heard some news of the Zulus, for instance, the whole town of Mafouti, whereof Ishmael was chief, which contained some sixty or seventy heads of families, was now being killed off by the Zulus. They did not like the Inkosazana being brought there, thinking that where she went the Zulus would be as they were, and they would blood themselves, they knew what that meant. They were alarmed at the deaths of the white sky-doctor, who was called Shour, and his wife, which Ishmael had something to do, for they feared lest they should be held responsible for their blood. They offered to the Inkosazana the white ox, which Dario, among them, because "he had hurt no one, and was under the mantle of the Inkosazana, who was a white woman."

He declared that it was all nonsense, as Dingoan's Mouth would not come alone, or deliver the King's word to a boy. But the Zulus thought otherwise, and murmured among themselves, fearing the terrible vengeance of Dingoan.

(To be Continued.)

A RELIGIOUS AUTHOR'S

STATEMENT.

Rev. Joseph H. Fesperman, Salisbury, N. C., who is the author of several books, writes: "For several years I was afflicted with kidney trouble and last winter I was suddenly stricken with a severe pain in my kidneys was confined to bed eight days unable to get up without assistance. My urine contained a thick white sediment and I passed same frequently day and night. I commenced taking Foley's Kidney Remedy, and the pain gradually abated and finally ceased and my urine became normal. I cheerfully recommend Foley's Kidney Remedy." P. B. Brill, local agent. *135

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The choir of the First Congregational church give their customary monthly song service to-morrow afternoon. The program is made from compositions of F. Mendelssohn Bartholdy, the one hundredth anniversary of whose birth is being celebrated this year. Service is at 4:30, with organ recital at 4:15. The choir are: Miss Sylvia Marcella Elcock, soprano; Mrs. Charles Davis, contralto; Mr. Frederick D. Wallace, tenor; Mr. Robert Clarke, bass; Miss Jennie Curtis Hawley, organist.

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"A few days after this I lectured in a town on the same evening that Paderewski played there. We stopped at the same hotel. I cut my spiel a little short, so to hear his last piece. He knew I was coming in late, and like the true gentleman that he is, he added two numbers to his program, just for me.

"After the recital we had a little Dutch Lunch, and I told him of my experience with the 'Wagner.' 'If I could hear you play every day, I could write some Good Stuff,' I said.

"He smiled, replied, 'Buy a Pianola, and play for yourself.'

"The next day I was in New York and met Rev. Hugh Pentecost, orator, thinker, poet and honest man. I told him of what Paderewski had said. 'Good,' he replied, 'come home and have dinner with me and I'll play my Pianola for you.'

"That evening Hugh played for me, and the next day I bought a Pianola. I began on Wagner, and the satisfaction I got out of playing was for me a glad surprise. I seemed to get acquainted with my man—he was very near to me. I knew his trials, struggles, disappointments, aspirations, hopes, joys. After

playing for half an hour I would write, and my pencil couldn't keep up with my thoughts.

"Each composer was taken up in the same way. I played his music until I seemed to know the man—I bathed me in sweet sounds. Then I bought another Pianola and put it in the Roycroft Bookbindery, and one of the girls used to play for the workers, to their great delight. I think I could write a better series of 'Musicians' now—I have more harmony in my cosmos I hope than I had then, less grump, grouch and growl in my fortissimo.

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